

PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION.

Counties.	1861.	1862.
Adams.....	2,773	2,849
Allegheny.....	15,779	15,900
Armstrong.....	3,474	3,638
Bever.....	2,682	2,715
Bedford.....	2,464	2,501
Berks.....	3,833	3,912
Blair.....	3,654	3,728
Bradford.....	3,683	3,730
Butler.....	3,526	3,594
Cambria.....	2,177	2,203
Carbon.....	1,732	1,780
Centre.....	3,165	3,204
Chester.....	7,540	7,615
Clarion.....	1,755	1,785
Clearfield.....	1,703	1,733
Columbia.....	1,848	1,878
Crawford.....	3,277	3,317
Cumberland.....	3,635	3,716
Dauphin.....	4,553	4,634
Delaware.....	3,183	3,264
Elk.....	421	425
Franklin.....	3,832	3,913
Fulton.....	1,253	1,283
Greene.....	1,599	1,629
Huntingdon.....	3,070	3,100
Indiana.....	3,672	3,702
Jefferson.....	1,886	1,916
Johnston.....	1,593	1,623
Lancaster.....	3,045	3,075
Lawrence.....	3,848	3,878
Lebanon.....	4,166	4,196
Luzerne.....	6,562	6,592
Lycoming.....	3,615	3,645
McKean.....	1,088	1,118
Merger.....	2,624	2,654
Monroe.....	1,723	1,753
Montgomery.....	5,812	5,842
Morristown.....	1,883	1,913
Northampton.....	3,507	3,537
Northumberland.....	2,429	2,459
Perry.....	2,416	2,446
Philadelphia.....	40,384	40,414
Pike.....	843	873
Potter.....	1,410	1,440
Schuylkill.....	7,701	7,731
Snyder.....	1,704	1,734
Somerset.....	2,977	3,007
Sullivan.....	394	424
Susquehanna.....	4,110	4,140
Tioga.....	4,117	4,147
Union.....	1,119	1,149
Venango.....	2,581	2,611
Warren.....	2,112	2,142
Washington.....	4,768	4,798
Wayne.....	2,610	2,640
Westmoreland.....	4,830	4,860
Wyoming.....	1,192	1,222
York.....	5,322	5,352
Total.....	292,349	293,257

and foresight with which they judge the necessities of our situation. There is no third programme possible, unless it rests upon open or secret sympathy with the Rebellion.

What can the desire of a third party be? Pence? Ask the Rebels, and they will tell you that they will listen to no proposal of peace, unless it be coupled with the recognition of the Southern Confederacy and permanent dissolution of the Union.

A compromise? No compromise with treason could be made that would not forever subvert the authority of the Government; and, besides, there is no Rebel in the land but who would spurn the offer with derision and contempt.

The restoration of Slavery where it has been abolished and its preservation where it still exists? There is no loyal man who will not understand that he who supports Slavery, the source of Rebellion, in the rebellious States, will thereby strengthen the Rebellion.

A peace which means the dissolution of the Union; a compromise which we cannot offer and which the Rebels will not accept; new guarantees for Slavery, which would be a premium paid for treason—such are some of the absurdities on which a third party claims a right to exist, and for which it demands the votes of the people. And this is called loyalty!

Am I not right in speaking of open or secret sympathy with the Rebellion? Let this kind of loyalty be known by its fruits. What effect will the victory of such a party have upon the Rebels? The more the National Administration is embarrassed in its movements against the Rebellion, the more hopeful the Rebels will be; and the more hopeful, the more persistent in their enterprise.

And what effect will it have upon ourselves? Permit me to say a word as a soldier. Your State has sent nearly 200,000 of her sons into the war. Thousands of them have shed their blood upon the battle-fields of the Union, or succumbed to the numberless fatigues and privations of the war, or to the deadly exhalations of the Southern coast. Many tens of thousands are now facing the enemy. Have they fought and are they fighting for nothing? What does it mean, this incessant cry, that the war was brought on by Northern fanaticism; that the South was grievously wronged, and might well be expected to defend her rights? Do those who say so really mean that the sons of the North shall go into battle and spill their hearts' blood, all the time most assiduously informing them that the cause they are fighting for is unjust? Is that the encouragement, the enthusiasm, they mean to give to our soldiers? Will they deprive them of the inspiring consciousness of fighting and giving up their lives for a great principle? Define disloyalty as you will; I do not hesitate to rank those who strip the army of its moral inspirations next to those who stand in arms against it.

So much for the hostile element you have to overcome at home. Now let me congratulate the patriots of New-York upon the wisdom with which they have selected candidates for the high offices of the State. They, and especially the honored gentlemen whose names stand at the head of the list, represent those progressive ideas in which alone the salvation of New-York lies. By this choice the patriots of New-York have shown that they are determined to see the war conducted with that energy which alone will put an end to the cruel and too often useless effusion of blood; they have proclaimed that Slavery no longer rules the popular conscience, that the Rebellion is to be punished by the annihilation of its originator. Let not their courage be daunted by whatever reverses may have befallen us. The world is moving. Their victory will inspire us with new confidence. The people may be assured that their defenders will not be sparing of their lives, if the army can be sure that they have a great nation behind them. Yours truly, C. SCHURZ, Mayor, H. R. Low, Chairman, BEN. FIELD, Secretary of Committee, New-York.

Gurtin's majority in 1861, 32,692; Slenker's majority, in 1862, 3,331. Republican vote falls off nearly 50,000; the Democratic vote falls off nearly 14,000, and that is what they brag over as an immense Democratic gain. The figures show a heavy loss on both sides.

The Recent Elections.

Gentlemen from the several States which have recently elected members of Congress, whose names are familiar with the facts, say that no statement can be more absurd than that which Democratic journals are fond of making, to the effect that the people have in the defeat of Messrs. Crow, Bingham and Garley pronounced against "Radical" Republicanism. It would be a sufficient answer to say, that if Crow has been vanquished, Thad. Stevens and Judge Kelley have been chosen from Pennsylvania; and that if Bingham and Garley were defeated in Ohio, that State sends back James M. Ashley, one of the most radical among the radical, although his opponent was a so-called "Conservative" Republican, who received some votes from that wing of the party in addition to the entire Democratic and anti-Administration strength. But in Indiana, while Dunn, always classed as a "Conservative" Republican is defeated, Julian and Shanks, Radicals of the deepest dye, and Coffey, who generally voted with them are elected; and in Iowa several of the six members elect have long been known as Abolitionists, and have hitherto been unable to secure a nomination from the Republican party, because their principles were so ultra. Wilson, who is in the present Congress, is a Republican of the straightest sect, always voting with Potter and Lovejoy, and Julian and Thad. Stevens. And all six members are to be classed as "Radicals." The most conservative among them, John A. Kasson, replied to the taunt of sympathizing with Horace Greeley, that he was proud to call Mr. Greeley his personal friend, and proud to stand upon the same platform with him. Among the new members from Pennsylvania are some Republicans whose principles are quite as "radical" as those of Thad. Stevens. Thomas Williams of the Allegheny, Butler and Armstrong District, who is among the ablest and most effective debaters in the State, belongs to this class. He succeeds McKnight, who is accounted a "Conservative," although not an "ultra-Conservative." Judge Scofield elected from the Erie and Warren District, is quite as bad as Williams.

Pennsylvanians here who understand the political condition of their State, insist that the defeat of Messrs. McPherson, Stewart, Campbell and Patterson, results from the fact that a very large proportion of the volunteers from their respective Districts belong to the Republican party. The defeat of Stewart, in Covado's District, is also explained by the fact that in the new Apportionment law the strong Republican county of Armstrong was taken from the District, and the strong Democratic county of Fayette, where Dawson, Stewart's successful competitor, resides, added to it. The same Apportionment law struck out of Grow's District the strong Republican County of Bradford, and added to it the strong Democratic County of Lawrence. As for Campbell's District, it was always strongly Democratic.

There ever was a period in the history of this Republic when every one of her citizens ought to lay aside all private predilections, his former party affiliations, and his petty individual jealousies, and think of nothing but the salvation of his country by whatever means it might be, that period has now arrived. Neither the success of our arms nor the state of our finances is such that the people of the North may indulge in internal dissensions with impunity. There are only two parties which at the present time can logically exist: one faithfully following the lead of the National Administration, and giving an active support to all its measures against the Rebellion, and the other going ahead of the Government, calling out and inspiring the native energy of the people, and preparing the way for the measure which, in the future, the Government will be obliged to adopt. Every loyal man must belong to one of these two. They differ only by the degree of their patriotism, by the intensity of their zeal, by the singularity

MARRIAGE.

CULVER-DEWISON.—On Saturday, Oct. 25, 1862, by the Rev. Mr. Dunbar, Weeks W. Culver of New-York, to Miss Annie Dewison of Brooklyn, N. Y.

DAVIS-WHITE.—At Shirley, Mass., on Thursday, Oct. 23, by the Rev. Edward E. Hale of Boston, Amos Davis of Worcester, to Henrietta White, daughter of the late Hon. James P. Whitney of Shirley.

DIED.

BROWN.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday, Oct. 25, Wealthy Ann, wife of Cornelius W. Brown, in the 34th year of her age. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral this day (Monday), at 2 p. m., from the Strong-place Baptist Church, South Brooklyn.

BEAK.—On Saturday morning, Oct. 25, Cornelia H., only child of Albert L. and Cornelia Beak, in the 12th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral this (Monday) afternoon at 1 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 53 West Twenty-ninth street.

BRADLEY.—At Penn Yan, on Tuesday, Oct. 21, Neely, the only son of D. Ogden Bradley of Brooklyn, aged 6 years.

BALDWIN.—On Saturday, Oct. 25, Edward J. Baldwin, aged 6 years, 2 months and 10 days.

BATES.—In this city, on Friday, Oct. 24, Mary, wife of Peter Bates.

BAILEY.—On Wednesday, Oct. 23, William F. Bailey, of Company E, 5th Regiment, New-York Volunteers (Duryea's), who died of typhoid fever, at the General Hospital, of typhoid fever, aged 23 years, 6 months and 21 days.

CASE.—On Sunday, Oct. 26, at No. 350 Atlantic Street, Denny, widow of the late Ebenezer W. Case of Southold, L. I. Funeral services on Tuesday, at 10 o'clock, at the residence of the family, No. 350 Atlantic Street.

CROWLEY.—In this city, on Friday morning, Oct. 24, at 8 o'clock, Michael Crowley, a native of County Longford, Parish of Eglington, in the 4th year of his age.

CUMMINGS.—On Saturday, Oct. 25, Edmund B. Cummings, Captain's Clerk, aged 19 years, son of the late Hon. Thomas W. Cummings of Brooklyn.

CURRAN.—At Summit House Hospital, near Kingston, West Philadelphia, on Friday morning, Oct. 15, from a wound received on Antietam battle-field, Thomas D. Curran, a member of Company H, 6th Regiment, N. Y. S. V., aged 19 years.

DE MAR, ELLEN.—Near Southwell, N. J., on Saturday, Oct. 25, Edward P. De Mar, aged 37 years.

GOURRIE.—At Yorkers, on Sunday, Oct. 26, Archibald T., youngest son of Archibald T. and Sarah C. Gourrie, aged 2 years and 2 months.

The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral at 12 o'clock, on Tuesday, Oct. 26. Trains leave Chambers street at 10 a. m., and returning at 2 p. m.

GREEN.—On Saturday, Oct. 25, Willie E. Green, son of Charles H. and Katie H. Green, aged 3 years and 11 days. The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral at 10 o'clock, on Sunday, Oct. 26, at 405 Fourth street.

HUGHSON.—On Friday morning, Oct. 24, at his residence, No. 242 Ninth street, Jas. Hughson, in the 44th year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

JONES.—On Saturday, Oct. 25, Isabel Jane, youngest daughter of John R. and Mary E. Jones, aged 2 years, 11 months and 10 days.

The relatives and friends of the family, also those of John R. Jones, are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her parents, No. 35 Irving street, on Monday, at 1 o'clock.

McLAUGHLIN.—In this city, on Saturday, Oct. 25, Margaret McLaughlin, daughter of the late Charles McLaughlin, County of Albany, Ireland.

PLUMLEY.—On Friday morning, Oct. 24, Mrs. H. K. H. Plumley, wife of A. H. Plumley.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral from her late residence, No. 2 East Thirty-fourth street, on Monday, the 27th, at 11 a. m. Her remains will be taken to New York on Tuesday, the 28th, at 10 o'clock.

ROOT.—At Orange, N. J., on Saturday, Oct. 25, Irene, daughter of James and Phileas Root.

Funeral from the residence of her father, on Monday, Oct. 27, at 3 p. m.

Special Notices.

Notice.—A Regular Meeting of the FIFTH WARD REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION will be held at Judd's Fifth Ward Hotel on MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 27, 1862, at 7 1/2 o'clock p. m. Punctual attendance is requested.

By order of J. HENRY BAILEY, Secretary.

Seventh Ward Wadsworth and Tremain Union Club.—A regular meeting will be held on THURSDAY EVENING, at headquarters, Nos. 193 and 194 Broadway, at 7 o'clock. If impracticable, the meeting will be postponed to Friday evening next.

J. A. GALLAGHER, E. M. SCHURZ, President.

Rally! Rally! Rally!—The NINTH WARD WADSWORTH AND TREMAIN UNION CLUB will hold a public meeting THIS (Monday) EVENING at 7 o'clock at the Blocker Building corner of Broadway and Broadway, at 7 o'clock.

By order of J. HENRY BAILEY, Secretary.

Tenth Ward Republican Association, Brooklyn.—A regular meeting will be held on THURSDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock. A full attendance is desired, as business of importance will be brought before the Association.

By order of J. HENRY BAILEY, Secretary.

Rally! Rally! Rally!—The NINTH WARD WADSWORTH AND TREMAIN UNION CLUB will hold a public meeting THIS (Monday) EVENING at 7 o'clock at the Blocker Building corner of Broadway and Broadway, at 7 o'clock.

By order of J. HENRY BAILEY, Secretary.

Seventh Ward.—A special meeting of the NINTH WARD WADSWORTH AND TREMAIN UNION CLUB will be held on MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 27, 1862, at 7 o'clock, at Judd's Fifth Ward Hotel, No. 193 and 194 Broadway.

By order of J. HENRY BAILEY, Secretary.

Twentieth Ward Wadsworth Club.—A public meeting of the club will be held at Lincoln Hall, corner of 24th street and Fifth, THIS (Monday) EVENING, Oct. 27, 1862, at 7 1/2 p. m.

By order of J. HENRY BAILEY, Secretary.

Regular Monthly Meeting of the NEW-YORK YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION will be held THIS (Monday) EVENING, Oct. 27, at 8 o'clock, at their room, 105 Broadway, corner of Nassau.

By order of J. HENRY BAILEY, Secretary.

Headquarters People's Union, No. 8 Union Square.—An adjourned meeting of the COUNTY CONVENTION will be held on MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 27, at 7 o'clock, at the headquarters of the PEOPLE'S UNION, No. 8 Union Square.

Punctual attendance is particularly requested, as business of importance will be transacted.

By order of J. HENRY BAILEY, Secretary.

Special Meeting of the EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE of the REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE.—A special meeting of the Executive Committee of the Republican Central Committee will be held on MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 27, 1862, at 7 o'clock.

By order of J. HENRY BAILEY, Secretary.

Chapped Hands, Face, Lips, Sunburn, &c.

CERTAIN AND IMMEDIATE CURE. HEGEMAN & Co.'s CAMPHOR ICE WITH GLYCERINE, if used according to the directions, will keep the hands soft in the coldest weather. Price, 25 cents. Sold by Drug-sta. Sent by mail on receipt of 30 cents.

HEGEMAN & Co., Chemists and Druggists, New-York.

Robes de Chambre FOR GENTLEMEN, TRAVELING SHIRTS FOR BOYS, TRAVELING SHIRTS FOR MEN.

FINE FRENCH CASSIMERE, Very heavy. A NEW AND SUPERIOR ARTICLE, AT DEVLIN & CO.'S, BROADWAY, CORNER OF GRAND ST. BROADWAY, CORNER OF WARREN ST.

New and Desirable Goods—Per ships "Victorian," "Germania," and "Grand Turk."—We are now receiving from France, out of the above ships, some very desirable FRENCH CHINA AND FANCY GOODS,

which we are enabled to offer much below market prices. WHITE FRENCH CHINA, DINNER SETS, 155 pieces..... \$3.00 WHITE FRENCH CHINA TEA SETS, 44 pieces..... 4.50 WHITE FRENCH CHINA TOILET SETS, 5 pieces..... 1.25 CUTE-GOLD COFFINS, per dozen, and up..... 1.25

Also, Decorated Dinner Sets, French Clocks and Broomes, Italian Statuary, &c., at low prices.

E. V. HAUGHWOUT & Co., No. 488, 490, and 492 Broadway, corner Broadway and Broome-sts.

Save your Money. DON'T PAY ONE DOLLAR

For a small bottle of HAIR DYE, when you can get a bottle five times as large, of a better dye, for the same money. WILBRO'S MONITOR HAIR DYE. IS SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.

It requires no preparation, does not smut or wash off, will not stain the hair, and does not injure the scalp. It is the only hair dye that can be applied at the roots without more trouble than a common hair oil.

It is WARRANTED NOT TO INJURE THE HAIR OR SKIN. Manufactured only by ALEX. B. WILBRO, Chemist, No. 106 Court-st, Boston.

For sale in New-York by J. MILHAU, No. 183 Broadway, and D. S. BARNES, No. 242 Broadway.

\$100,000 Worth of SUPERIOR CABINET FURNITURE COST.

JOHN MEERKS & SON, Nos. 333 and 335 4th-st., north-west corner of Broadway. Will sell the whole of their extensive stock of superior cabinet furniture, at cost, to make room for the very best well-selected and selected material, by the best workmen in the country, in their own workshop, under the supervision of the firm. Some reputation for excellence of manufacture has been established 70 years.

Goods Packed and Shipped to All Parts of the World.

Reasons. For Assembly.

I have just completed my large and extensive stock of FALL and WINTER CLOTHING, and increased stock of FURNITURE, and STYLISH in this city. THE CHILDREN'S and FURNISHING DEPARTMENT NOT excluded. All of which will be sold at very low prices. Please call.

F. B. BALDWIN, No. 90 and 92 Bowery.

Sixth Congressional District. (9th, 15th and 16th Wards.)

PEOPLES UNION CANDIDATE, FOR CONGRESS, ORISON BLUNT.

Fourteenth Assembly District. (NINTH WARD.)

Republican Union Nomination. PHILIP FRANKENHEIMER.

Sixteenth Ward Wadsworth Union Club. HON. ETHAN ALLEN, HON. F. A. CONKLING, WILL attend the meeting on MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 27, at 7 o'clock, at Judd's Fifth Ward Hotel, No. 193 and 194 Broadway.

For Representative in Congress. SEVENTH DISTRICT, ELEVENTH and SEVENTEENTH WARDS, HENRY A. BOWEN.

President of the Board of Trustees New-York Fire Department. POLITICAL FIREWORKS. TORCHES, BRILLIANT COLORS. ROMAN CANDLES, BRILLIANT COLORS. ROCKETS, BRILLIANT COLORS. FLAGS and LANTERNS.

Constantly on hand a good assortment for supplying FOLIOLETT'S. FUNSTON & SCOFIELD, No. 47 John-st.

Regular Union and Republican WAR NOMINATION. FOR ELEVENTH DISTRICT, (1st, 6th and 17th Wards.) BROOKLYN.

HENRY A. BOWEN. Republican Union Nomination. TWENTY SECOND WARD, (1st, 6th and 17th Wards.) DISTRICT.

EDMUND KOCH. Union Republican Nomination. FOR SUBROGATE. GABRIEL VAN COTT.

Union War Candidate for Congress.—ELLIOT C. COWDIN, Nominated unanimously by the Republican Union Convention of the Fifth Congressional District, comprising the Eleventh, Twentieth and Twenty-first Wards, on Saturday, Oct. 19, 1862.

By order of JAMES OWENS, Chairman.

Political Printing. POSTERS from 2 to 100 copies. Cut Slips, &c., &c., &c. CHRISTOPHER MORSE & STEPHEN, No. 100 Nassau-st. No. 109.

People's Union Convention of the FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT met on the 24th October, 1862, and passed the following preamble and resolutions.

Resolved, That the Convention nominated the Hon. GEORGE BANCROFT as the candidate of the People's Union Party for Representative in Congress from the Fifth Congressional District.

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DEAFNESS, Catarrh, Diseases of the Eye, Ear, and Air-Passages.

Dr. LIGHTHILL can be consulted daily until 3 p. m., at his residence, No. 34 St. Mark's-place.

TESTIMONIALS.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL, New-York, April, 1862.

DEAR SIR: I take much pleasure in testifying to the professional skill exhibited by you in your treatment of a case of severe inflammation of the throat and ear with which I have lately been afflicted. Upon coming under your charge I was immediately relieved, and speedily cured of a most aggravated complaint, which several physicians had previously sought in vain to mitigate.

As I am somewhat of a stranger in the city, I would state that you are at liberty to substantiate my statements, if necessary, by reference to my relatives, Mr. A. V. Stout, President of the Shoe and Leather Bank of New-York, and to Mr. Everett Clapp, of the Western Transportation Company, No. — Countess Slip.

With much esteem, I am, Sir, your obedient servant, FRED. M. HANKS.

To Dr. Lighthill, No. 34 St. Mark's-place, N. Y.

No. 66 and 68 BROAD-ST. New-York, Sept. 8, 1862.

A young man in our employ has been under the medical care of Dr. Lighthill for Deafness and Discharge from the Ear, with which he was afflicted since infancy. The discharge has ceased for the past six months, and his hearing is materially improved.

WEAVER, RICHARDSON & Co.

A DEAF MUTE RESTORED TO HEARING.

My son, now 13 years of age, has been deaf and dumb, and a pupil of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum in his city for the past two years. Dr. Lighthill has succeeded in restoring his hearing to such a degree that he is